

# Mapping Checklist

> Use the following map-making expectations below when completing all maps in this course.

Feature	Map Making Expectations
Title	<ul> <li>Should be within the map frame or border</li> <li>Should be at the top of the map</li> <li>Should be underlined or boxed</li> <li>Should not block any of the map's information</li> <li>Should include: what, where, when</li> </ul>
Legend	<ul> <li>All maps must have a legend</li> <li>A legend should not block any other map information</li> <li>Place a border around the legend information</li> <li>All legends must have an underlined title</li> </ul>
Scale	<ul> <li>Provide a scale both linear and representative fraction</li> <li>Use a ruler to draw straight lines</li> </ul>
Direction	<ul> <li>All maps must have a direction arrow</li> <li>North should always be at the top of the page</li> <li>Use a ruler to draw straight lines</li> </ul>
Date of Publication	<ul><li>Indicate when the map was produced</li><li>Indicate who produced the map</li></ul>

A map is a representation of the earth. Keep your map neat and make sure that it illustrates what your title indicates. Do not clutter it with unnecessary material.

### Labelling

- ➤ Should be as neat as possible with the correct spelling
- > Should be printed horizontally on the map
- Labels should not block other information on the map

#### **Colouring**

- Maps should be properly colour coded using different colours to show the different areas of the map
- > Shade consistently avoiding light and dark patches
- ➤ White or black are not normally to be used as colours on a map
- > Grey should be used for areas not important to the map
- ➤ Blue is only to be used for water
- Ensure that the colours on the map match the colours used in the legend



# Types of Maps

## **General Purpose Maps**

- A map drawn to scale using symbols and colours to indicate a variety of information
- Can be confusing/difficult to read because of the large amount of information on the map



# **Topographical Maps**

- A map that indicates to scale, using symbols and colours for both natural and human features on the Earth's surface
- Shows the earth's surface in great detail
- Depicts the height of land features (topography)
- Maps show roads, settlements, vegetation, rivers, power lines, etc.



# **Thematic Maps**

- A map that reveals the geographic patterns of statistical data
- Are designed to display distributions or patterns over the Earth's surface
- Usually focus on one theme or topic such as population density or annual rainfall

